

# THE BOSTON HERALD.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE, EDITOR.

VOLUME IX. NO. 19.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1835.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE.

## POETRY.

### MUSINGS.—ORIGINAL.

In all the winding paths of life, a voice,  
In every echo, speaks of former days—  
It comes upon the breeze as they sweep  
Across the flowering meadows, breathing low  
Soft cadences among the rustling leaves  
Of some once oft-frequented grove. The thrush,  
Shut in the deep recesses of the wood,  
Hath sat in silent gladness all the day,  
When he comes forth amid the golden beams  
Of sunset, and upon some humble thorn,  
Sings merrily unto the God of day—  
He speaks, unconsciously, to every heart,  
The sweet memorials of our early years.  
The robin—when he pours his early note  
Into the ear of morn—accompanied  
With all his band of rural minstrelsy—  
Tells tales of many youthful joys,  
Of scenes and friends remembered and beloved.  
Far from the busy hum of active life,  
With naught but the blue firmament above,  
Green isles around, and the dark firmament beneath—  
And heard, uninterrupted—undisturbed—  
The long resounding tumult of the waves,  
Dashing, at intervals, upon the strand—  
Ateve—when every other sound hath ceased,  
Save the lone sea-bird's solitary cry—  
At such an hour, what mortal hath not felt  
Companionship with solitude—All scenes  
Are full of life—there is no solitude  
In this wide world. With the four winds of heaven—  
With howling tempest and with murmuring gales—  
With all the multitude of chirping things,  
That creep among the grass, and sip the dew  
Of wild flowers—and with all the countless tribe  
Of insects swarming in the upper air,  
That greet our ears with their melodious hum,  
And lightly gambol with the slanting beams  
Of moonlight—we may hold communion, oft  
And sociably as with our fellow man.

From the New York Mirror.  
PENCILINGS BY THE WAY:  
First Impressions of Foreign Scenes, Customs and Manners  
BY N. P. WILLIS.

### SCOTLAND.

Sporting and its equipments—Roslin Castle, and Chapel.

The nominal attraction of Scotland, particularly at this season, is the shooting. Immediately on your arrival, you are asked whether you prefer a flint or a percussion lock, and (supposing that you do not travel with a gun, which all Englishmen do,) a double-barrelled Manton is appropriated to your use, the gamekeeper fills your powder and shot-pouches, and waits with the dogs in a leash till you have done your breakfast; and the ladies leave the table, wishing you a good day's sport, all as matters of course.

I would rather have gone to the library. An aversion to walking, except upon smooth flag-stones, a poetical tenderness on the subject of "putting birds out of misery," as the last office is elegantly called, and hands much more at home with a goose-quill than a gun, were some of my private objections to the "order of the day." Between persuasion and a most tranquil sunshine, I was overruled, however; and, with a silent prayer that I might not destroy the hopes of my noble host, by shooting his only son, who was to be my companion and instructor, I shouldered the proffered Manton and joined the gamekeeper in the park.

Lord Ramsay and his man looked at me with some astonishment as I approached, and I was equally surprised at the young nobleman's metamorphosis. From the elegant Oxonian I had seen at breakfast, he was transformed to a figure something rougher than his highland dependant, in a woollen shooting-jacket, that might have been cut in Kentucky, pockets of any number and capacity, trousers of the coarsest plaid, hob-nailed shoes and leather gaiters, and a manner of handling his gun that would have been respected on the Mississippi. My own appearance in high-heeled French boots and other corresponding gear for a tramp over stubble and marsh, amused them equally; but my wardrobe was exclusively metropolitan, and there was no alternative.

The dogs were loosed from their leash and bounded away, and crossing the Esk under the castle walls, we found our way out of the park, and took to the open fields. A large patch of stubble was our first ground, and with a "hie away" from the gamekeeper, the beautiful setters darted on before, their tails busy with delight and their noses to the ground, first dividing each for a wall side, and beating along till they met, and then scouring toward the centre, as regular as if every step were guided by human reason. Suddenly they both dropped low into the stubble, and with heads eagerly bent forward and the intensest gaze upon a spot, a yard or more in advance, stood as motionless as stone. "A covey, my lord!" said the gamekeeper, and, with our guns cocked, we advanced to the dogs, who had crouched, and lay as still, while we passed them, as if their lives depended upon our shot. Another step, and whirr! a dozen partridges started up from the furrow, and while Lord Ramsay cried "now!" and reserved his fire to give me the opportunity, I stood stock still in my surprise, and the whole covey disappeared over the wall. My friend laughed, the gamekeeper smiled, and the dogs bled on once more.

I minded my shooting in the course of the morning, but it was both exciting and hard work. A heavy shower soaked us through, without extracting the slightest notice from my companion; and on we trudged through peat, beans, turnips, and corn, maddened to the knees and snoring with moisture, excessively to the astonishment, I doubt not, of the productions of Monsieur Clerx, of the Rue Vivienne, which were reduced to the consistency of brown paper, and those of my London tailor, which were equally entitled to some surprise at the use they were put to. It was quite beautiful, however, to see the ardor and training of the dogs; their caution, their obedience, and their perfect understanding of every motion of their master. I found myself interested quite beyond fatigue, and it was only when we jumped the park paling and took it once more leisurely down the gravel walks, that I realized at what an expense of mud, water and weariness, my day's sport had been purchased. Mem. Never to come to Scotland again without hob-nailed shoes and a shooting-jacket.

Rode over to Roslin Castle. The country between Dalhousie Castle and Roslin, including the village of Lasswade, is of uncommon loveliness. Lasswade itself clings to the two sides of a small valley, with its village church buried in trees, and the country seat of Lord Melville looking down upon it from the green woods; and away over the shoulder of the hill, swell the forests and rocks which imbosom Hawthornden, (the residence of Drummond, the poet, in the days of Ben Jonson,) and the Pentlands Hills, with their bold outline, form a background that completes the picture.

We left our horses at the neighboring inn, and walked first to Roslin Chapel. This little gem of florid architecture is scarcely a ruin, so perfect are its arches and

pillars, its fretted cornices and its painted windows. A whimsical booby undertook the cicerone, with a long cane pole, to point out the beauties. We entered the low-side door, whose stone threshold the feet of Cromwell's church-stabled troopers assisted to wear, and walked at once to a singular column of twisted marble, most curiously carved, standing under the choir. Our friend with the cane pole, who had condescended to familiar Scotch on the way, took his distance from the base, and drawing up his feet like a soldier on drill, assumed a most extraordinary elevation of voice, and recited its history in a declamation of which I could only comprehend the words "Abraham and Isaac." I saw by the direction of the pole that there was a bas-relief of the Father of the Faithful, done on the capital, but for the rest I was indebted to Lord Ramsay, who did it into English as follows: "The master-mason of this chapel, meeting with some difficulties in the execution of his design, found it necessary to go to Rome for information, during which time his apprentice carried on the work, and even executed some parts concerning which his master had been most doubtful; particularly this fine fluted column, ornamented with wreaths of foliage and flowers twisting spirally round it. The master on his return, stung with envy at this proof of the superior abilities of his apprentice, slew him by a blow of his hammer."

The whole interior of the chapel is excessively rich. The roof, capitals, key-stones and architraves are covered with sculptures. On the architrave joining the apprentice's pillar to a smaller one, is carved the sentence inscription, "Fortis est vinum, fortior est rex, fortiores sunt mulieres; super omnia vincit veritas." It has been built about four hundred years, and is, I am told, the most perfect thing of its kind in Scotland.

The ruins of Roslin Castle are a few minutes' walk beyond. They stand on a kind of island rock, in the midst of one of the wildest glens of Scotland, separated from the hill nearest to the base by a drawbridge, swung over a tremendous chasm. I have seen nothing so absolutely picturesque in my travels. The North Esk runs its dark course, unseen in the ravine below; the rocks on every side frown down upon it in black shadows, the woods are tangled and apparently pathless, and were it not for a most undeniable two-story farm-house, built directly in the court of the old castle, you might convince yourself that foot had never approached it since the days of Wallace.

The fortress was built by William St. Clair, of whom Grose writes: "He kept a great court and was royally served at his own table in vessels of gold and silver; Lord Dirlston being his master household; Lord Borthwick his cup-bearer, and Lord Fleming his carver; in whose absence they had deputies to attend, viz: Stewart, Laird of Drumlanrig; Twedie, Laird of Drumelrig; and Sandilands, Laird of Calder. He had his halls and other apartments richly adorned with embroidered hangings. He flourished in the reigns of James the first and second. His princess, Elizabeth Douglas, was served by seventy-five gentlewomen, whereof fifty-three were daughters of noblemen, all clothed in velvet and silks, with their chains of gold and other ornaments, and was attended by two hundred riding gentlemen in all her journeys; and, if it happened to be dark when she went to Edinburgh, where her lodgings were at the foot of Black Fryer's Wynd, eighty lighted torches were carried before her."

With a scrambling walk up the glen, which is, as says truly Mr. Grose, "inconceivably romantic," we returned to our horses, and rode back to our dining at Dalhousie, delighted with Roslin Castle, and uncommonly hungry.

**KRAMER & CO.** inform the public generally that they have received by the latest arrivals from Europe, several valuable Musical Clocks, one of which, called the Melodion, performs several concertos and marches, and is an elegant piece of furniture for a parlor.

Also—several wooden figures, calculated as models for Painters, which can be placed in any position required—being all painted.

Also—several cases of Pocket Locking Glasses, calculated for exportation.

Also—a large assortment of Beads of every description and color, and a large assortment of Toys, which they offer for sale, by wholesale and retail, at their store, No. 48 Cornhill, formerly Market st.

**ERADICATING LIQUID.**—J. L. DEBLOIS'S Eradicating Liquid, prepared by W. Brown, Chemist, 431 Washington street. Price 25 cents.

A new and cheap preparation, for the removal of stains of ink, iron mould, fruit, &c. from linen, muslin, or any other article of the finest texture, without the least injury. The application is simple; apply a few drops of the liquid with a feather, and in most cases the stain will disappear immediately. To be had at retail of all the principal Druggists throughout the city.

**BOARDING.**—A Gentleman and his wife, can be accommodated with a pleasant front chamber and a small parlor, and board in the family—also, two or three single Gentlemen, on application at No. 14 Carver street.

**LAND FOR SALE IN THE CITY.**—For sale, a lot of land on Grove street, adjoining the estate of Wm Taylor, Esq., containing about 200 feet—For particulars, apply to CHARLES MCINTYRE, 4 Exchange street.

**CHARLES PARTRIDGE** has taken the Old Grocery store, corner of Washington and Essex streets, where he offers for sale a general assortment of the BEST FAMILY GROCERIES, at the lowest cash prices, and solicits the patronage of his customers and the public generally.

Goods sent to any part of the city.

**VELVET BOTTLE CORKS.**—HENSHAW & CO. No. 28 Granite Street, Commercial wharf, have for sale to retail Velvet Bottle Corks. Saw 4w

**\$5 REWARD.**—Stolen from house No. 60 Belknap street, on Wednesday evening last, a new Wilton, crimson gold and white Rug. Whoever will recover the property and return it to the above house, or apprehend the thief, shall receive the above reward.

**NOTICE.**—Persons having demands against the I. B. Fustlers, are requested to present them for adjustment to the Treasurer, previous to the 4th of June.

**OYSTERS.**—I. & B. BAKER, formerly HAMBLEN & BAKER, Commercial Oyster Room, No. 98 Milk st., next door to the Commercial Oyster Room, respectfully inform their customers and the public, that they have a large supply of salt and fresh Oysters, which they will sell as low as can be bought in Boston.

**TO SELL—OR LET FOR ONE YEAR.**—A small building on Front street, suitable for a Mechanic or Grocer. Apply to C. HAMMOND, Front street.

**SITUATION WANTED.**—By a young man who is acquainted with the English and W. I. Goods business. Good references. Employment is solicited. A line to H. left at this office will be promptly attended to.

**HOUSES AND FARMS** Advertised, Sold, and Let, by J. CLARK, 4 Brattle square.

**TO BE LET.**—A chamber in the second story of 46 Washington street—apply to T. M. BAKER.

**TO LET.**—4 rooms at the north part of the city, apply to J. U. CLARK, 3 Brattle square.

**TO BE LET.**—House on the corner of Willow and Acorn streets, near Chestnut street, containing kitchen, 2 parlors and 3 chambers. For particulars inquire of JOHN TEMPLETON, on the corner of Cambridge and Charles st.

**HOUSE FOR SALE.**—Forsale, a modern built three story dwelling house, in the western part of the city—has been built five years—containing kitchen, 2 parlors, 2 chambers, &c., well calculated for two families, and now rented for \$300 per year. Price \$4100—one quarter part to cash—the balance may remain on mortgage if desired. Apply at No. 37 Milk street.

**HOUSE FOR SALE IN CHELSEA.**—For sale a new and thoroughly built House, delightfully situated in Chelsea, within 10 minutes walk and sail from the city—containing 2 parlours with folding doors, 5 chambers and a kitchen, with the necessary out buildings, and a well of superior soft water. The house has a piazza in front, and there are a number of choice young fruit and ornamental trees on the grounds. Adjoining the house, there is land sufficient for a garden, &c., which, if desired, may be had with it. Apply to C. MCINTYRE, 4 Exchange street.

**A RARE CHANCE.** For sale, two Houses, price \$1500 each. One containing 9 rooms, price \$2000. The other, one and a half story, with a store, suitable for a grocery or other business—price \$2200.

The above estates are situated on South Cedar, Church and Piedmont streets. 3 or \$400 may be paid down, and the remainder in rent per quarter or semi-annually, as may be agreed on—no money paid until immediately—inquire of ABEL BAKER, No. 41 Congress st.

**OLD SQUANTUM HOUSE.** Will be opened for the season this day, for the reception of company. The bar and larder will be furnished with the best market affords. The house has been newly fitted up with allies &c.

The subscribers will be thankful for the patronage of his friends and the public. Pick of all kinds always on hand, and all other luxuries of land and sea.

**MARKET INN.** The subscribers have taken that centrally situated house in Flagg alley—they have fitted it up in a neat and genteel style, and hope, by every exertion to please, to merit and share a portion of public patronage. They intend the house shall be the resort of good company only.

The larder will be fully supplied with all the season affords—and every thing furnished, of the choicest qualities. Parties can at all times be provided at the shortest notice, with Dinners, Suppers, &c. on the most reasonable terms. A few steady Boarders can be accommodated.

**FIRE DEPARTMENT HOTEL.** The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has taken the above well known establishment, formerly occupied by Mr. Read Tait, where he hopes by strict attention and a desire to please, to merit a share of patronage from the public, which was bestowed upon his predecessor.

The house is situated in one of the most pleasant places of resort within the vicinity of Boston, and has recently undergone thorough repairs, and is newly furnished.

The larder will be constantly provided with the luxuries of the season. All kinds of Fish served up in the best style and at the shortest notice.

Conveyance to and from the house by hourly stages.

**FRANKLIN HOUSE.** The undersigned would respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have taken a lease of the above well known establishment, (of late known by the name of the Waverly House,) where they will receive their best endeavors to merit a share of the public patronage.

The House has been newly fitted up and furnished, and is too well known to need a description—it being one of the most elegant and fashionable places of resort within the vicinity of Boston.

The larder will be supplied with every delicacy of the season—the bar stocked with the choicest liquors, and no pains spared to please the public, and to render the establishment worthy of patronage.

N. B.—Parties and societies will be furnished with dinners, suppers &c. with dispatch and in the best style.

**OLD COLONY HOUSE.** BRIGHTON, MASS.

The subscriber, under his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the above establishment, and hopes by renewed exertions to merit a continuance of public patronage. The House is now ready for the reception of company. It has been newly repaired, and is fitted up in a neat and comfortable style, and is in every respect calculated for the convenience of Boarders, Visitors, and parties of pleasure.

The table will be furnished daily with the varieties of the market, and at the bar can be obtained the choicest refreshments of all kinds usually kept in a public house.

Care has been taken to select good and honest attendants in all parts of the establishment, for the convenience and comfort of those who may honor him with their company.

Gentlemen, with their families, who prefer boarding in the country during the summer months, are respectfully invited to call and examine the apartments.

Hingham, May 1st, 1835.

**JUST PUBLISHED—ANNALS OF PHRENOLOGY.** Art. 1—Thoughts on Materialism, Insanity, Idiocy, Comparative Anatomy, Memory, Consciousness, &c. suggested by an article published in the Christian Examiner, entitled: The Pretensions of Phrenology examined. Art. 2—Anatomical Report of the Skull of Spurzheim, read before the Boston Phrenological Society by N. B. Shurtliff, M.D.

Art. 3—Edinburgh Phrenological Journal. Art. 4—Last death of Phrenology; effected by the Mask of Nonchalance—read before the Boston Phrenological Society, by Wm B. Fowle.

Art. 5—Phrenological analysis of Infant Education, on Mr Wilderspin's System—from the Edinburgh Phrenological Journal.

Art. 6—Journal de la Société Phrenologique de Paris. Tome 2, No. 5—from the Ed. Phren. Journal.

Art. 7—Examination of Heads. Art. 8—Committee of Publication—Rev John Pierpont, Mr Wm B. Fowle, J. F. Flagg, M.D., John Platt, M.D., Published Quarterly. Subscriptions received by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, Publishers, 153 Washington street.

**NEW-ENGLAND MAGAZINE.** No. 42, for June. Original Papers: U. S. Senate; Peleg Sprague—Hoye, by J. G. Percival—The American Guest—Pa. e. from my Diary—Graves and Goblins—U. S. Boatman, by J. G. Percival—A Chapter on Whaling—The Press and the 'Convent Question—Once—Scenes in Europe; Paris—Coincidences of Judas Iscariot—Hebece and the Temple of Voodoo, by Grenville Mellen—A Rill from the Town Pump—To a darning Bird, hovering over Artificial Flowers, by H. T. Tuckerman—M.D. Cabinet Councils, No. 2. Critical Notices. Editorial Proclamation to Correspondents. Monthly Record.

E. R. BROADBENT, 127 Washington st., (up stairs).

**CHAIRS, WASH STANDS, TOILET TABLES, SETTEES, &c.** at Wholesale and Retail. THERON E. CLARK, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the above named premises, where he will keep a general assortment of the above named articles, all of which he will sell at the lowest market prices for cash or approved credit. Persons buying for the trade, or shipping would do well to call and examine for themselves, before purchasing.

**JOHN KENNEY**, 43 Ann street, has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he is now adding to his former stock a complete assortment of SPRING CLOTHING, made in a good and fashionable style.

## COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty five.

RESOLVE providing for an amendment of the Constitution. Resolved, by the Senate, and two thirds of the members of the House of Representatives, present and voting thereon, that it is proper and expedient to alter the Constitution of this Commonwealth, by adopting the proposed article of Amendment, and that the same as thus agreed to, be entered on the Journals of the two Houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the General Court, next to be convened, and that the same be published, to the end that if agreed to by the General Court next to be chosen, in the same manner provided by the Constitution, it may be submitted to the people, for their ratification, in order that it may become part of the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT. In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the rateable polls in each city, town and district of the Commonwealth, to be taken on the first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, and in each year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid; and each town or city, having three hundred rateable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative; and for every four hundred and fifty rateable polls, in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more.

Any town having less than three hundred rateable polls, shall be represented thus:—The whole number of rateable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred, and such town or city, having three hundred or more rateable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative; and for every four hundred and fifty rateable polls, in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more.

Any city or town, having rateable polls enough to elect one representative, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten, and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative, as many years within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of legal voters, present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district, to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative or representatives. And such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of rateable polls.

The Governor and Council shall ascertain and determine, within the first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district, and the number of each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years, within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and of the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the Governor and Council, and the number of rateable polls, in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of each district



TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1835.

FOR PRESIDENT.  
**MARTIN VAN BUREN.**  
 FOR VICE PRESIDENT.  
**RICHARD M. JOHNSON.**

MARTIN VAN BUREN—NO. 2.

To form a just estimate of the talents of a man, the time and circumstances of his entrance upon the stage must be taken into the account. A period like the American revolution, furnishes a full demand for every variety of talent, and ensures the meet of fame often more than commensurate with the service rendered. Many of the signers of the Declaration of Independence were men of talents perhaps inferior to some of our statesmen, on whom the charge of the public interest at present devolves, yet the names of the former will go down to distant times, with a distinction to which our present actors in the more quiet state of things, can never hope to reach. This is as it should be. The patriots of those days, more honorably for themselves and gloriously for their country, performed, and that in the best manner, all that was required of them. A crisis, that puts all the talents in the nation in requisition, from the very condition of its existence, can reward the surpassing few without exciting the envy of the many.

The time when Mr Van Buren commenced his career at the bar, as has been shown in a former number, had, to a young man, its full share of difficulties. The political arena, particularly in his native state, presented no common obstacles to a young aspirant. About the time of his commencing life, the republican party in the state had acquired a decided and secure ascendancy. Politicians of high distinction for talent, aided by powerful family influence, had fought the successful battle and stood before him. He had nothing to bring him before the public but his legal profession, and nothing to secure success in that, but his powers of mind. It will be admitted, however, that the variety of litigated subjects in the state at this period, opened wider ranges for the success of legal genius, than most in the Union. A few years anterior to this period, the law for permitting the entail of landed estates to the eldest son, had been repealed—and the statutes respecting the titles to lands held by parents from the crown, by heirs in common, were so modified as to render it expedient for all parties interested to have their titles adjusted within a limited time. The adjustment of these complicated disputes furnished a wide field for the more able and distinguished members of the bar. Mr Van Buren found the most profitable field for talent and reputation, occupied by able agents when he became a member of the corps, yet that field from the very condition of its capacity, presenting room enough for another. That room he occupied and improved to the advancement of his own reputation—not more than to the reputation of the bar of which he was a member. He became within a very few years one of the most able and lawyers in the state—and this under circumstances which would have disheartened ordinary minds. Discussions of this kind, as is well known to professional men, often involve a systematic mental exertion, which taxes the power of the civilian to the last effort. His constitution was naturally feeble—nothing but the most exact habit of temperance, of self ordering, and judicious change of business for recreation, enabled him to sustain the rank he had assumed, and which he had taken for no humbler object than to be one of the brightest ornaments of his profession.

The object of these very brief remarks it is hoped will not be mistaken. It is nothing further than to state a few plain facts which may interest a few (I say a few, I hope we have many such) thinking minds to avert for a moment their attention from the idle calumnies of which the subject of these notices has been the victim. The purpose thus far has been to consider him a MAN, rising unaided by any assistance but his own powerful mind and honorable ambition, to the elevated rank he now holds in the estimation of his countrymen.

To the people of the eastern states Mr Van Buren has been comparatively little known, other than as a subject of reproach. This state of things cannot long continue. We will not here, however, depart from our purpose. We only ask if the citizens of Boston would be willing to disclaim FRANKLIN, as a native of this town, because of his humble origin? Are the people of Connecticut disposed to blot out the name of a SHERMAN from their public history, because he was summoned from an obscure situation to aid his suffering country? Yet both these men shared from their political enemies their full portion of reproach.

LEON.

**The Ascension.**—We regret that Mr Lauriat was not more successful in his attempt to follow his balloon yesterday. At 20 minutes past five he entered his car, and gave the word "let go," when the balloon failed to rise above the walls of the amphitheatre, and after dragging against the benches for some moments, was finally pulled back to its original position; a second effort was then made, in which Mr L. was drawn over the hogsheds in the area, against the benches, and at last hoisted over the wall of the enclosure by the multitude about him; it was soon seen, however, that his gas was not sufficient to take him to "the skies above," and the balloon, after wrestling with the ropes which bound it to the car, for some five or ten minutes, disengaged itself, and went "alone in its glory." We admired the spirit of Mr L. amid all these difficulties; he appeared determined to accomplish his purpose of ascending, unto the last—he was perfectly collected, and conducted in a manner very creditable to his courage and self-possession; we are sure he will not be balked in this manner, but will yet afford his fellow citizens an opportunity to witness as splendid an ascent as they ever beheld. The number of people assembled upon the Common, could not have been less than 12,000. Not the slightest disturbance took place.

P. S.—The Balloon descended on Thompson's Island, and was picked up by the crew of a sloop.

Yesterday, the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company paraded, sermonized, dined, and elected officers for the year ensuing. **Brigadier General Thos. Davis** was elected Captain.

**The Concord Freeman**, an antimasonic paper, has some very sensible remarks upon the subject of Mr Webster's nomination to the Presidency. The Freeman admits that it is not possible to make Mr W. an available candidate—and asserts that he is only brought forward for the purpose of "combining the various aristocratic influences of wealth, education and religious peculiarity—of keeping the flag of the exclusives still waving upon the battlements of this Commonwealth." The view taken by the Freeman seems to be plausible; the power of the federal party in this State is threatened with annihilation—the throes of the political system have shaken the basis upon which it rests, and it is not to be wondered at that those whose existence is identified with it, should seek for new props to sustain the falling fabric of their political sanhedrin. But those who think to stay the course of liberal principles by popular adulation, will find themselves mistaken in the result—it is not in the power of Mr Webster, or any other man, to stay the progress of democracy, or bolster up the falling citadel of federal power.

**Dreadful Earthquake in Chili.**—We are indebted to the editor of the New Bedford Gazette for a slip containing the following letter from a gentleman at Talcahuana, received at the Exchange News Room, in that place, and communicating intelligence of a most dreadful earthquake in Chili:—

"**Talcahuana.**—March 1, 1835.—On the morning of Friday, the 20th of February, 1835, about twenty minutes past 11 o'clock, we were visited by one of the most awful earthquakes ever experienced by the oldest inhabitants of this place. The morning was calm and serene, and will prove an ever memorable date to the many miserable souls, who fled to and are now inhabiting the barren hills. The first shock lasted about four minutes and a half, causing the mountains and valleys to roll like the waves of the sea; during the severity of the first shock, (which was so great that a person could scarcely keep upright,) I looked around for a moment to meet my fate, but am spared to be thankful, and may consider myself one of the fortunate in making my escape from the falling, but now prostrate ruins.

Conception, a city containing 25,000 inhabitants, is one heap of ruins; being built principally of brick, there is not even one habitable dwelling left standing within the limits of the city, and for leagues around. The shock came from a S. E. course, prostrating every thing in its way. A number of small towns have been heard from in its course; Chilian, Talca, Arica, Congas, Erras, Pural, St. Carlos, Vallega and Angles, have all met the same fate. Talcahuana, the port of Conception, is completely demolished. It was not only shaken down, but the fragments of houses, stores, &c. were afterwards swept away by the sea, which retired about fifteen minutes after the first shock, leaving the shipping then lying at anchor in the harbor entirely dry. It came in rising to a height of twenty-five feet above the level, overwhelming the whole place. Men, women and children fled to the mountains, but many were overtaken and swept to the ocean by the returning waves, which completed the destruction of the town, depriving hundreds of families of a second garment, many of whom were in good circumstances, but are now destitute. Furniture of all kinds was swept with the houses, not even leaving a vestige to confirm the owner of the situation of his former habitation; and it would require an eye witness to be convinced of the immense devastation it has caused."

**Voyage of the United States Frigate Potomac**, under the command of Commodore John Downes, during the Circumnavigation of the Globe, in the years 1831, 1832, 1833, and 1834; including a particular account of the Engagement at Quallah-Battoo, on the coast of Sumatra; with all the official documents relating to the same.—By J. N. Reynolds.

This is a work, the general interest and importance of which must commend it to the attention of every class of readers. The ample means possessed by Mr Reynolds have been wisely employed, and the country is deeply indebted to him for the exercise of the industry and research which the volume displays. It is a storehouse of the most valuable information, agreeably and lucidly communicated, and no one can rise from its examination, without feeling himself richly repaid for his labor. The plates are numerous, and although placed in the work more for illustration than embellishment, are by no means discredit to the artist.

**Persons of great dignity of manners**, who keep others aloof, and do not admit common people on terms of familiarity, enjoy no opportunity of acquiring an accurate knowledge of human nature, and of the varieties of human character. Men will not unveil themselves in the presence of one by whom they would expect to be despised or condemned for the qualities which they exhibit. On this principle, we may account for that general ignorance of human nature for which the clergy are so remarkable. Men in general, who are either struck with awe in their presence, or who are desirous of their esteem, almost invariably play the hypocrite before them. The profane swearer converses without oaths—the scoffer professes a great regard for religion, and profligates applaud the ways of virtue—all men endeavor to seem good in their sight. In this manner is the whole world combined to deceive them.

**Temper.**—We wish we could get out of temper for once in our lives, for we should like to know how a man feels when he is mad. We have frequently seen people so angry that they could not help themselves, but we could never form any opinion of their feelings. The nearest we ever came to getting out of temper was when a fellow seasoned our soup with snuff, and all we did then was to throw him out of a second story window upon the roof of a shed below.

The Editor of the Commercial Gazette, in his paper of Saturday last, says—

"A friend from New York has kindly presented us with half a peck of Green Peas. They were brought to that city from Norfolk. Who intends to throw in a Salmon?"

A waiter of an eating establishment of this city, on reading the above, exclaimed—"D—n him, he's always after something to eat."

The Journal of Commerce is becoming facetious—in speaking of the immense number of corporations which now exist, it says—"There is no need of a corporation with a million of dollars, to boil chowder, or pickle oysters."

The Gazette thus delicately reminds some of its brother editors of favors received:—

"We return our sincere thanks to the gentleman who politely sent us a fine Salmon on Friday last. It cut up well, as some of our editorial brethren know."

The Long Island Sound steamboats have reduced their fare between New York and Providence to five dollars.

The U. S. sloop of war Vandalia arrived at Havana on the 18th inst. from Pensacola.

## POLICE COURT.

**John Saunders** was brought up by Jacob Tallant, constable of the North Watch, for stealing dry goods, to the amount of \$11.65, from the store of Mrs. **Barshaba Mackintosh**, 107 Hanover street, on Saturday night. The way he committed the theft was a caution: He entered the shop, which was kept by Mrs. Mackintosh, assisted only by a young lady, and, like a *bona fide* customer requested the young lady, to take down a variety of articles, with which he was desirous of supplying himself. He was very particular in his selections, and displayed good judgment in the quality of the goods, and a refined taste in the colors. After exhibiting his "shopping" list to advantage, he determined on purchasing several yards of cotton, linen, and prints, some handkerchiefs, hose, and ribbons, to the value of \$11.65. While the young lady was putting them in a bundle, Mr. Saunders requested Mrs. Mackintosh to "be very particular and minute in the description of the articles in the bill;" but the moment the package was completely tied up, he seized it and ran, while Mrs. M. was busily employed in complying with his request to be "particular" in making out the bill. She however, dropped the pen, and raised an alarm, and a gentleman gave chase to Saunders, but did not overtake him till he sought to hide himself in the bustling crowd that congregated in the market on Saturday. He dropped the goods in an alley, near Ann street, and only a part have been recovered.—Sent to Municipal Court.

**James Foley** was arrested on Saturday night, by a hook-and-rattle dragoon, and lodged in the night-horse barracks\* under Joy's Buildings. Foley, without having obtained a license to exhibit himself, from the city authorities, had collected an audience in front of Merchant's Hall, where he was profaning Shakespeare, and murdering Hamlet, as he is ever wont to do, whenever his histrionic organ is stimulated by a dagger of white-eye—for no more aristocratic Hippocrene ever crosses the threshold of poor Foley's windpipe, or "ascends me into the brain," as he would say. It was his fifth appearance on the Police stage, and right natural did his accustomed reception come to him. He had not a word to say to the charge against himself, but thought a sentence for six months would be inconvenient, as his discharge would take place at the very commencement of the next winter. He did not indicate any particular preference for a longer or shorter sentence—he was totally indifferent on that point: but if he had been otherwise it would not have availed him, as six months is the extent which the law allows, and justice towards the community would not admit of less.

\* It is said, that the centre corps of the night guards complain that the day teams which are engaged in collecting certain balances for Squire Seaver, have more comfortable quarters than themselves. Perhaps there is some partiality shown to the horses, as they are generally considered to be the most useful animals in creation; and no member of the turf would ever dream of stabling his racing, hunting, or hacking stud, in the cold vapor bath under Joy's Buildings. There are other people, however, who think that men, even if they are "out late nights," require almost as good stabling as horses. More unreasonable notions have prevailed in the world from time to time, and less reasonable ones have often been gratified.

**Signora Clementina Fanti.**—This delightful actress! this charming songster! this incomparable woman! this lovely enchantress! this beautiful perfection—according to our friend Major Noah's opinion—suddenly "cleared out" of this city yesterday, bound to Buenos Ayres, and left all her creditors in the lurch. From the fact that she contracted to give five hundred dollars to the owner of a pilot boat in which she embarked from hence, to put her on board the foreign ship, at sea, we imagine she has "gulled the natives" to a pretty large extent. This is not, indeed, altogether inference, as we are in possession of some facts in relation to this lady, which may somewhat astound our readers when we feel at liberty to publish them.—N. Y. Trans.

**Law, Physic, and Preaching.**—According to Williams' Register, there are now in this state, 2052 Lawyers, 2650 Physicians and Surgeons, 1920 Clergymen of all denominations.

Total 6622 Professional men.

To indulge a little in statistics of our own, let us see how much it costs to support this army.

It will be admitted, we presume, that the lawyers receive, on an average, \$1000 per annum for fees; the physicians \$800 for visits; and the clergy \$500 for sermons, bad, good, and indifferent. The account then will stand thus:—

2052 Lawyers, at \$1000 each, \$2,052,000

2650 Doctors, at \$800 " 1,210,000

1920 Clergymen, at \$500 " 960,000

N. Y. Mor. Herald. \$5,132,000.

**A Petticoat Pleader.**—A lawyer, pleading a cause against a lady, indulged in a multitude of digressions, which overcame the patience of the lady, who interrupted him. "My Lord," said she, "there is the case in a single word—I engaged to pay to the opposing party a certain sum, for a piece of tapestry of Flanders, with figures as handsome as your lordship; he attempted to palm upon me a wretched dub, with figures as ugly as the counsel opposed to me; am I not released from my bargain?" This comparison, which flattered the vanity of the judge, completely disconcerted the opponent, who had no reply to make, and the lady gained her cause.

In the anniversary address of Professor Tucker, before the Virginia Historical Society, the following singular fact is mentioned, as connected with the history of Virginia:—

"In the year 1647, lawyers were forbidden to take any fees whatever, and in 1658, they were excluded from the Legislature!!! For this unbecoming act, it must be confessed that their descendants have made the amende honorable."

Two physicians have collected the following details from the Gazette of French Criminal Courts. That, in the course of seven years, there have been 273 accusations of individuals for poisoning, and 102 convictions. In 54 cases, arsenic was the poison employed; in 7, verdigris. In 28 cases, mercenary motives appear to have prompted the crime. In many instances, the intended victims were warned of their danger by the taste communicated by the poison, and in several others by the color.

**Spirited Fellow.**—A man knocked another down, the latter picking himself up, and addressing his antagonist with great show of spirit, said—"Pray, sir, do you intend that in earnest—or was it merely in fun?" "I intended it in earnest," coolly replied the other. "It's well for you that you did," rejoined the nettlesome man, with a very prudent value, "for I'll be d—d if I would have taken it in fun."—N. Y. Trans.

## Foreign Summary.—N. Y. Star.

**Shocking Murders.**—A criminal cause, hitherto unparalleled in the judicial annals of Germany has been just brought to an issue by the Court of Assize at Mentz. Two women, Catherine Renter, and Margaret Jøger, her servant, were accused, the latter of poisoning eight persons, viz: her uncle, in May, 1825; her mother, 68 years old, in 1826; her father, 70 years old, 1830; her husband, in 1831; three of her own daughters; and, finally in 1833, the husband of the other prisoner, who was her accomplice. All these crimes were committed with so much address that not one of the first seven deaths excited suspicion, and the last could not have been legally proved, if the perpetrator had not, in a fit of melancholy, acknowledged the commission of the crimes, in consequence of a phantom having appeared, urging her to make a confession. The prisoners were condemned to death.

Cobbett has published "a farewell letter to Sir Robert Peel, and a hearty welcome to his successor," in which he observes—

"It is curious how this thing called the government of England has worked along with regard to me. Since about the year 1797 it has grown into a new sort of government; and I do verily believe that the history of my life will be the history of its life, for we have been at war from the day of its birth; or at least from its very infancy. It has, in its march, destroyed or silenced every formidable assailant except myself; and the war between me and it is certainly as curious a matter as ever attracted the attention of mankind."

**Poland.**—Galicia, of all the provinces of Poland, seems to be suffering under the most cruel persecutions, and that at the hands of the cold blooded diplomatic Metternich. Count George Tyskiewicz, though an old man, has been confined in a subterranean cell for more than a year; his wife, who went to Vienna to supplicate the late emperor, was received by him just before his death, but repulsed by Metternich. Colonel Laski is attached to a wall by an iron bar in another dungeon; &c.

Lord Brougham, they say, has got to be quite a dandy since the tide has begun to turn in his favor. He was so well received in Scotland that he "cottons," as "Fanny" says, to Tartan—and has this stuff of broad stripes of green and black not only made for his trousers but vest also, the whole surmounted by a bright blue frock.

The Catholic church at present consists of 671 bishoprics, 55 cardinals and 12 patriarchs. The present Pope, who is 73 years of age, has created six new bishoprics, 1 in Belgium, 1 in Westphalia, 2 in the United States and 2 in Naples.

Since the establishment of the Royal Humane Society, 25,000 claimants have been paid rewards for risking their lives, and 6,000 persons have been rescued from death.

The plague raged with such fearful mortality at Alexandria, that the streets were encumbered with dead bodies.

Out of 19,000 attacked with plague at Alexandria, 10,000 up to March 23d had died.

A celebrated dentist, at London, entertained the other day at his table, 3 dukes, 2 barons and a baronet.

Of Col. Johnson the Tory Whigs have hitherto generally spoken in somewhat decent terms; but we must now prepare ourselves to hear his political character impugned, his military achievements denied, and his private life invaded. We wait to see the signal given from the Bank, and we shall quickly have all its hirelings in full cry.—*Brooklyn Ad.*

**"A storm in a teapot."**—A great meeting was held in Boston to nominate Daniel Webster for the Presidency. None but those friendly to him were invited, and strange to say, he was nominated unanimously!—Wonder that we are not told that the spirit and unanimity manifested at this meeting, insures the defeat of Van Buren.—N. H. Pat.

**Commodore Hull.**—The Army and Navy Chronicle of the 25th inst. says that a rumor is in circulation that Commodore Hull intends to retire, in a short time, from the command of the Navy Yard at Washington; but whether to go to sea again, or merely on leave of absence, is not stated.

The editor of the *Hempstead (L. I.) Inquirer* says he had the misfortune last week "to utterly disarrange and knock into a state of most beautiful confusion," the types of the outside, whereby "five columns of the most romantic advertisements" were rendered somewhat worse than useless.

**The Hon. John H. Eaton.**—This gentleman having recently paid a visit to New Orleans, his democratic friends in that city tendered to him a public dinner as a mark of their respect and esteem. He was compelled by his private engagements to decline the honor.

**Bank Failure.**—We learn by a passenger from New York, that just before the steamer left New York, it was announced that the Patterson Bank, New Jersey, had stopped payment, and that great excitement was occasioned on the event.—*Centinel.*

**Large Fleecce.**—Mr James Hall, of Macedon, recently took from a single sheep of his flock, a fleecce weighing 7-14 lbs. The sheep is of the Merino breed.—*Albany Adv.*

If those who are at rest in their graves, were to appear amongst us, it would not be to reclaim their wealth, but to bear testimony to its vanity.—*Solon.*

A white woman and a mulatto female, in Richmond, Va. both died the same day in consequence of a fit of passion. The passions are more ungovernable in the female than the male sex.

The workmen in the coal yards of Philadelphia still stand out, not to work over ten hours a day in summer.

The corner stone of Caldwell's magnificent theatre at New Orleans was to be laid with much ceremony, May 8th.

## MARRIED.

In this city, on Sunday evening, by Rev Mr Streeter, William Hankerson to Mary Merrill.

By the Rev Mr Streeter, William L. Knights to Catharine Scott.

On Sunday evening, by Rev Mr Hague, Elijah Rogers to Hannah B. Thorn.

In Ashby, Mass, by Rev Mr Tinker, Samuel Heyward of Boxboro, to Mary Patch, of A.

## DIED.

In Lexington, Almira Lock, 16; Mary Ellis, 22.

In Andover, South Parish, May 8, Capt. Micah Wilde, 78, a soldier of the revolution.

In Plymouth, 28th ult, Jacob Covington Esq, 44, an enterprising and valuable citizen.

## IMPORTATIONS.

JACMEL.—Sch Potomac—692 bgs coffee—44 hides—11,925 lbs Brazilwood—1 box tortoise shell.

HAVANA.—Brig Eagle—375 boxes sugar.

MATANZAS.—Brig Rapid—1303 boxes sugar—20 half boxes sugar.

TRINIDAD.—Brig Patron—221 boxes white—275 do brown sugar—1 lb sugar—94 lbs molasses—43000 cigars—2 boxes sweetmeats—1 bbl molasses—1 bag coffee.

HAVANA.—Brig Neptune—365 cases, 6 bbls molasses—1 bbl sugar.

RIO GRANDE.—Brig Arabin—900 bxs horns—3612 ox and cow hides.

MANSANILLA.—Sch Childe Harold—palm leaf—mahogany—fustic.

NEW ORLEANS.—Ship Orient—533 bales cotton—1 do wool—136 lbs tobacco—11 do hams—60 tons pig iron—478 hides—7 hfs do do—16 ps lead—1377 lbs lead—49 lbs provisions—1 bbl sugar—1 do molasses—401 lbs pork—8 bbls cast-iron oil—1 bbls 3 bxs, mol.

Brig Bellow—237 bales cotton—352 bbls pork—2 hfs do, 2 kgs molasses—3 cases wine.

Brig Malaga—126 bales cotton—104 bbls pork—106 bbls pork and lard—12 kgs lard—1000 lbs do—40 hds tobacco—85 cases mol.

**RELIEF AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE COLORED RACE.**—There will be a public meeting at the Masonic Temple, THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, at quarter past 8 o'clock, to complete the organization of the Boston Auxiliary to the American Union. The Constitution which has been adopted, will be offered for signatures at the close of the meeting.

Several Clergymen and other Gentlemen will make statements and addresses. It is intended to afford by this Society, an opportunity for all who desire to promote the best interests of the colored race to do something for their relief, in the spirit of justice and good will to all men. Ladies as well as Gentlemen friendly to the object, are invited to attend.

HENRY EDWARDS,  
 T. R. MARVIN,  
 JULIUS A. PALMER, }

## SHIP-NEWS—1835.

PORT OF BOS. ON—JUNE 1, 1835

## ARRIVED.

Ship Orient, Lombard, New Orleans 9th, Pass 10th May. Spoke 23th, off Hatteras, ship Augusta, Trout, Savannah, for Bath; 30th, S shoal W 15 miles. bark Highlander, hence for Matanzas.

Ship Archimedes, Winsor, Mobile 24, Point 2d inst. Left Archimedes, Winsor, Mobile 24, Point 2d inst. Left Archimedes, Winsor, Mobile 24, Point 2d inst. Left Archimedes, Winsor, Mobile 24, Point 2d inst.

Brig Susan, Curtis, Honduras 1st April. Brig Eagle, Gay, Havana 16th ult. Brig Neptune, Gould, Havana 15th ult. Brig Rapid, Lecraw, Matanzas 17th ult. Brig Patron, Henchman, Trinidad 31 May. 23d; lat 31 19, lon 76, saw brig Ann, standing W, and next morning saw a brig which was forermost supposed the Ann.

Brig Bellow, Colburn, Orleans 9th, Pass 13th May. Spoke 24th, lat 39, lon 76, brig Vida, 30 hours in ball for the Cape de Verdes.

Brig Malaga, Canning, N Orleans 9th, Pass 12th ult. Brig Wallace, Chase, St Marks, Florida 21. Brig Majestic, Perry, Wilmington, NC. Brig Norfolk, Mathews, Norfolk. Brig Forest, Rich, Norfolk. Brig Junius, Elwell, Baltimore. Brig Jason, Smith, Baltimore. Brig William, Colcord, Philadelphia. Brig William, Smith, Savannah. Brig Vesta, Scudder, Baltimore. Brig Georges, S ow, Baltimore. Brig George, Bears, Janel 8th May. Spoke 12th, off Cape Nicola May, Sch Splendid, Tucker, Aus Cayes for do; 13th, a brig fm do for do.

Sch Childe Harold, Stoddard, Mansanilla May 8. Left bark Jans, Green, Boston 3 or 4; brig Spartan, N York unc.

Sch Three Sisters, A. Giff, Windsor. Sch Miers Burton, Smith, Wilmington, NC.

Sch Alderman, Shaw, Wilmington, NC. Sch Friends Delight, Kelly, Richmond.

Sch Pilot, Feich, Philad. Sch Orion, Sears, Norfolk. Sch Harriet, Mead, Norfolk.

Sch Hope & Susan, Nickerson, Philadelphia. Sch Victor, Atwood, Albany.

Sch Renown, Lovell, New York. Sch Jew, Davis, New York.

Sch Empire, Baker, New York. Sch Nile, Baker, New York.

Sch Wm Koscor, Chase, New York. Sch Levant, Nickerson, New York.

Sch Francis, Howes, New York. Sch Robt F Waring, Smith, Hapannanock.

Sch Albany, Scudder, Albany. Sch Adams, Philadelphia.

Sch Despatch, Nickerson, Providence. Sch Francis, Gibbs, New Bedford.

Sch Conway, Crowell, New York. Sch Frank, Ames, New Haven.

Sch Village, Newcomb, Alexandria. **CLEARED.**

Brigs Leander, Richardson, Copenhagen and Cronstadt; Estport, Chase, New Orleans; schs Union, Longhead, Parsboro; Lady, Lond, Halifax.

PORTLAND, May 29—ar Morning Star, Thomaston; Harve, for do, for do.

NEW BEDFORD, 30th—ar Coral, Winn, Pacific, with 2450 bbls oil.

PROVIDENCE 31st—ar Splendid, N Orleans; Sally Hope, Boston.

Cleared Helan, Smith, coast of Africa.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29—ships Liberty, Davis, Calcutta; John Sargent, N Orleans.

BALTIMORE, May 29—ar Rebecca Francis, Cape Haytien; Sarah Havans; Uncus, and Caroline, N Ori.

NEW ORLEANS, May 22—ar Daihouse Castle, Liverpool; William, Samarra.

15—ar Girard, Thompson, Havana. Old Suffolk, Payne, Liverpool; North Star, Boston.

**NOTICE.**—The meeting of the Stockholders of the New England India Rubber Company, stands further adjourned to Thursday, June 4th, at 10 o'clock, at the Old Providence House, Boston, at 6 o'clock, P. M.

WM BUTTERS, Clerk.

**NOTICE.**—A fresh Green Tu to Soup will be served up this Day at 11 o'clock, at the Franklin Restorator, Wilson's Lane. Families supplied.

E. KENFIELD.

**L. B. GALE, M. D. M. S.**—Would respectfully inform the citizens of Boston and vicinity that he has removed to No 2, Bowdoin square, where he will attend to the duties of his profession as a Surgeon and Physician; all Surgical Operations which are practicable in Europe or America will be performed. The hour devoted to the diseases of the Eye and Ear, will be in future from 12 to 1 o'clock. Beautiful Artificial Eyes imported from France, will be inserted and warranted. Dr Gale can be consulted until 10 o'clock in the evening, after which he will be at his residence, Temple street, No 74.

**TYPE FOR SALE.**—From 200 to 1500 lbs Small Press, do—1 do 400 lbs Brevier—1 do 350 lbs Pica, newly new—1 do 100 lbs Brevier. The above types in good condition, and will be sold at a bargain. Printers from the country in want of type would do well to call at WMA. HALL &amp



**FOR NAHANT.**  
The Steamer SUFFOLK will make  
excursions to Nahant on Wednes-  
day and Thursday, June 24 and 25, start-  
ing from Brown's (next north of Liv-  
ingston) wharf, at 10 o'clock A. M. and return at 5 P. M.  
Freight taken at usual rates. June 2

**PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.**  
**FOR PORTSMOUTH, DORCHESTER, GREAT FALLS, N. H. AND SOUTH BERWICK, MAINE.**  
Fare to Portsmouth, \$2.00  
" Dover, 2.25  
" Great Falls and South Berwick, 2.25  
On Wednesday, Mr. A. A. Adams' benefit and last appearance.

**THE STEAM BOAT CITIZEN.**  
Will leave the T wharf, Boston, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, for Portsmouth, Dover and Great Falls, N. H. and South Berwick, Me.  
Stages will be in readiness at Portsmouth, to take passengers to the above places. Seats in the stages may be secured on board the boat, and at the Dover Hotel.  
Returning will leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at 7 o'clock.  
Stages will leave the above places for Portsmouth, in time to meet the boat.

**FOR CALCUTTA.**  
TO RETURN TO BOSTON.  
The ship MOUNT VERNON, John J. Scobie, master, will sail for the above port on Thursday next, at 10 o'clock. Mr. William A. Brown will go in said ship, and will take orders for investment. For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAM GODDARD & SON, No 43 Central wharf.

**FOR HARTFORD—REGULAR LINE.**  
ON SATURDAY.  
The schr ANN, Captain Flower, will sail as above for freight or passage apply to JOSEPH A. SEARS, No 101 South Street, Boston, or to the Central wharf, south side, June 2

**SCHOONER IVANHOE.**  
For sale, if immediately applied for, the superior fast sailing and copper fastened SCHR IVANHOE, 75 tons Register, high deck, built in 1833, of best materials, and in the most thorough manner, has two chains and anchors, sails and rigging in good order, is in every respect well found, and now in complete order for a voyage—apply to F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf.

**FOR SALE OR TO BE LET—on a lease.**  
A three story brick house, containing a good cellar, a kitchen, 2 parlors, 3 bedrooms, and an excellent well of water. The house is in excellent repair, and is situated on Fourth street, South Boston, near the Bank, and will be sold or leased low.

**FOR SALE.**  
A Stable, attached to the above house, admirably calculated for a Livestock Stable. The house contains about 4000 feet of land. Apply on the premises, or to D. F. HUNTING, No 17 Granite street, Commercial wharf.

**MAVERICK HOUSE.**  
The public are respectfully informed that this extensive establishment is now open for their accommodation, under the direction of the subscriber who will make every exertion to render it worthy of patronage.  
The Road to Lynn, Salem, &c. and the East Boston Ferry, are also open for public travel. J. W. BARTON, copysw

**IN PURSUANCE OF LAW, I, ANDREW JACKSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that a Public Sale will be held at the Land Office, at GREEN BAY, in the Territory of Michigan, commencing on Monday the seventeenth day of August next, for the disposal of the Public Lands situated within the limits of the undermentioned townships and fractional townships, viz:—**

North of the Base Line, and East of the 4th principal Meridian—  
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and fractional townships 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1015, 1016, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1023, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1031, 1032, 1033, 1034, 1035, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1040, 1041, 1042, 1043, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1049, 1050, 1051, 1052, 1053, 1054, 1055, 1056, 1057, 1058, 1059, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1063, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1071, 1072, 1073, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1078, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 1086, 1087, 1088, 1089, 1090, 1091, 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1110, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1130, 1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1174, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1181, 1182, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1284, 1285, 1286, 1287, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293, 1294, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1336, 1337, 1338, 1339, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1343, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1350, 1351, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1369, 1370, 1371, 1372, 1373, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, 1378, 1379, 1380, 1381, 1382, 1383, 1384, 1385, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1400, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1410, 1411, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1634, 1635, 1636, 1637, 1638, 1639, 1640, 1641, 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 1705, 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713, 1714, 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721, 1722, 1723, 1724, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729, 1730, 1731, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737, 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1747, 1748, 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1753, 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028,



**LIST OF LETTERS**  
**R**EMAINING in the Post Office, Boston, JUNE 1, 1835. **ALL PERSONS CALLING FOR THE LETTERS ON THE LIST WILL PLEASE TO MENTION THAT THEY ARE ADVERTISED.**

[illegible]

Matson Joseph  
May Samuel A  
McGrain John  
McLaughlin David  
McCollough W  
McClenahan John  
McLaheny Michael  
McClellis W H  
McDonald Jas  
McFarly Wm  
McIntire Timothy  
McCann Michael  
McIntire Jas capt  
McCrory Robt  
McLaughlin Mary  
McClintock Saml  
McNatty Jas  
M Noy Michael  
McIntire E P  
McGardie Calvin  
McKay Harlow miss  
McLaughlin John  
McMahon Maty mrs  
McKitty Thos  
McManness mr  
McPherson Isabella  
McClintoe Jas  
McDonald Ewd  
McMahon John  
McDonald Jane  
McLellan John  
McLarn Hugh  
Metcalf Heron  
Merrill Lorenzo  
Mendum Luke L  
Morse Harlow F  
Mean Wm  
Mender Eph H  
Machum Geo col  
Merrill Sarah miss  
Merrill Mahala & Moses  
Merrill Mahala  
Merrill Henrietta  
Merrill Albert  
Minot Geo R  
Myrick Geo  
Miller I Chs  
Millen Chs J  
Mirlock Elizabeth  
Myers John  
Miska Wm  
Morgan Jas  
Morey Daul G  
Moore Jeremiah L  
Munn John  
Mundall Jas  
Murdock Wm  
Murphy Hannah  
Murphy Ewd  
Munce E S  
Munroe Warner  
Moffitt Furness  
Morton Wm S  
Morse D P  
Morse Geo  
Morrell James  
Morse Abel  
Mower Levi  
Morrison Jane miss  
Morse Benj  
Morse Levi  
Moses Oliver  
Morrill Henrietta miss  
Morse Wm D  
Morgan Hannah mrs  
Morgan Abigail  
Mor-e John  
Molony John  
Moulter Charles  
Murfphy David  
Mussey R D doctor  
Mousson Jonah G

**N**

Newell Hannah  
Nevin Roph  
Nixon Abigail W miss  
Nash Joseph  
Norris John  
Nest David A  
New -  
Newell Daniel  
Norris Wm B  
Newcomb Norton  
Noble Parcell Ann  
Norton Elizabeth W  
Nutter Anthony capt  
Newhall John  
Newton Sarah J  
Nitto Charles  
Neville Thos  
Norris Joseph B

**O**

Osborne Josiah  
Orcutt Wm H  
Ockas S  
O'Brien John  
O'Brien John  
Orr Robert  
O'Donnell James  
O'Neill Daniel  
O'Donnell John  
O'Donnell John  
O'Donnell John  
Odienne Calvin H  
Oxtineil Lewis

**P**

Pratt G W  
Parsons W E  
Parker Rufus B  
Patty John capt  
Parker Margaret  
Plasted Mills  
Palmer Anna  
Parker Solomon  
Patterson Philinda C  
Parker Prentice & Co  
Palmer James P  
Parkman Henry  
Parsons Susan  
Pratt Thos  
Parsons Lucinda  
Pannen M esq  
Parker Abigail Ann  
Pray Elipha  
Patridge Edw A  
Parker Hannah  
Parsons Eliza  
Paddock Mary Ann  
Patridge Edw  
Pla-kett & Co messrs  
Parnell Cynthia  
Patchley James  
Peckard Maria  
Pratt Asa  
Paskenson John  
Parker Wm capt  
Parker Sarah miss  
Paige Geo Wm  
Parshley John S  
Paul John F  
Park J O M capt  
Perry Oliver  
Pierce Abigail  
Pierce Geo  
Peck Ozeu  
Pendleton Nathan capt  
Pierce Andrew C  
Perry Eymon capt  
Perkins Mary Jane  
Pettingall Ch S L  
Pierce Elizabeth  
Pettee James  
Peterson Mary  
Preston Alexander  
Peyton Wm H  
Pierce I R  
Penhallo David S capt  
Preston Wm  
Perkins Martha  
Pierce Eliza  
Penniman Henry  
Petrie James B capt  
Petrie Caroline  
Pittman Horacy  
Pingree T Perkins  
Pickering J W  
Pillbury J  
Pinks Samuel H  
Pierst John W  
Prince Jabez  
Pike Moses  
Pike Luke  
Pike Geo  
Proctor Lydia  
Peter Pluto  
Poland Nath  
Pope Hiram  
Post Reuben Rev  
Post Martha B  
Pollard Joseph B  
Penroy Chas  
Poole Sarah R  
Pottle James  
Powens Wm W  
Porter Chas B  
Porter John  
Porter Abraham  
Pollard John  
Pritchard Geo  
Pulcher Bickford  
Purington Wm capt

**Q**

Quincy Martha  
Qualey Enal

**R**

Randall Nathl  
Rankins Jos  
Randy Jas  
Rennery Thos capt  
Repet Eliza  
Reinick Margery B  
Reed Shengashub Jr  
Reed Saml

**R**

Richardson Lewis G  
Rich Erastus  
Richardson Leland  
Rice Moses  
Richardson Josiah capt  
Rice Saml B & co  
Richmond Jas C  
Richardson Wm  
Ricker Saml S  
Richards Thos  
Ricker Asenath  
Rich Elkannah  
Rich Adrian  
Ryder Jas  
Riley Jno  
Rogers Jos  
Robinson Geo W  
Rowell T H M  
Rowell Maryann  
Rogers Jeremiah C  
Rogers Elizabeth  
Rowell Asa T  
Rollins John A  
Ross Chas  
Roberts Nicholas P  
Robinson Chas  
Roberts Benj F  
Rodgers Martha A  
Roberts Jane  
Robinson David G  
Rough Wm H  
Rotter Michael  
Rogers Peter  
Roberts S mr  
Roberts E S miss  
Robbins Margaret  
Rogers Jno  
Roberts Jno  
Rogers Jas  
Russell Geo W  
Russell Jane  
Russell Sarah D  
Russell Isaac  
Russell Oakes  
Russell Abijah JV  
Sargent Elizabeth  
Savage Maryann  
Saulford Frederick C  
Stanfield Mark  
Salley Winslow  
Stacey J Hammond  
Stratton Ba-nard  
Sawyer Francis A  
Strand Abigail  
Standish Lemuel M  
Shattuck O S  
Sartwell Frederick  
Saliba Cath  
Shawell Luther M  
Stanwood Chas E  
Stanborn Deborah  
Staple Caleb S  
Stanborn Steph  
Sabine Francis  
Starrett Wm  
Shannon Chas  
Stanborn C P  
Stantenstall F J  
Smart Jos  
Salisbury Beulah  
Stacy G H  
Saunders Randall P  
Samson John S  
Star Elyria  
Spaulding Elbridge G  
Stanborn Mary  
Smart Richd  
Sawtell Caroline  
Safford Alonzo  
Stacey John B  
Stark Jos  
Spaulding Lucy M  
Shank A B  
Saunders Elizabeth  
Sackett Nosh E  
Stery John L  
Stewart Adam Dr  
Stewart Alexander  
Sherman Margaret S  
Sherry Julie Ann  
Stevens Caroline  
Stevens Adaline S  
Sweeney Sarah  
Stewart Jas  
Sedgley Saml  
Stedman Jesse  
Stear Abigail S  
Sevey Edwin  
Sleeper Nathl  
Spelter A  
Sherranan Butler  
Shed Chs  
Stevens Phoebe  
Seazam Leonard  
Stevens Simon  
Seaver Wm T  
Searl Eph A  
Seibert Van A  
Shenan Chas  
Spear Elizabeth A  
Stevens Mary  
Smith Jane  
Snell Paley Ann  
Stickney Lyman D  
Skinner L  
Simond S mr  
Swift C  
Shutaber B P  
Seiders Ewd  
Sitmon Wm  
Stickney Martha  
Singer John  
Smith Elias  
Stickney Mary  
Smith Nancy P  
Stimpson Jeremiah  
Smith Hamilton  
Smith Jas F  
Stumpson Jno R  
Smith Ewd  
Smith Eliza F  
Spring Susan  
Smith B B  
Simmon - Lucia H  
Smith Dean  
Stimpson John C  
Snow mr  
Smith Nathl  
Spottelred Hezekiah G  
Snow Susan Jr  
Stone David D  
Spafford T A Dr  
Snow R P  
Soutair M  
Sloane Asenath  
Sloan Henry C  
Spokeloff Moses  
Schroder H mrs  
Stone Charlotte  
Soule Louis  
Sou Lewis Jas  
Santa Edmund  
Stowell John W  
Snow Whitnorp  
Stockwell H Edmund  
Southard Nathl  
Stockert Wm  
Stockbridge Sibac miss  
Scott Sarah Ann  
Scott Wm  
Stone Nathan  
Sullivan Richd  
Sullivan Jno  
Shuff Steph A  
Sullivan Jeremiah  
Talcott A capt  
Thayer Saml W Jr  
Tarlton Harriet  
Tait Sullivan  
Taylor Ezekiel  
Taylor Owen  
Tack Wm  
Taylor Almira  
Trask E  
Taft T A  
Tate Mary Jane  
Tarnum Beniah  
Tall Wm  
Treadwell Moses  
Ticcomb Rufus  
Timmons Wm  
Titus Danl  
Twining Wm  
Titus Lenox  
Tinkham Luther  
Tyler Mary  
Tibbets Adaline A  
Twist Elizabeth  
Typographical Society  
Toney Wm  
Thompson Jesse A  
Thompson Geo C  
Trow Annis  
Thorn Noah E  
Tolman Elizabeth  
Tomchill J mr  
Tolman Job  
Thomas John  
Thompson John  
Thorn Eliza  
Todd Susan S  
Thor Charles M  
Thomas Charles  
Thomas Lewis W  
Town Sarah G  
Thomdike Lucinda  
Thomdike John  
Turner Hannah  
Tucker Woodward  
Tuttle Alanson  
True Page

Turner Cha  
 True Elizabeth B  
 Tutts Hannah  
 Trundy Thos G  
 U & V  
 Upton Daniel  
 Veber Elizabeth  
 Vinton Francis L  
 Vaughn Saml Jr  
 Veierske Ericka F  
 Vinal Martha B  
 Vearies Eljah  
 Vose Adam  
 W  
 Westcott Jas  
 Warren Geo  
 Watson Ivid  
 Watvis Henry B  
 Whamp Silvanus  
 Wain Neil  
 Wait Geo  
 Watters Henry B  
 Waite Saml  
 Wallace Mary Jane  
 Walker Saml H  
 Warner Julia F  
 Ware Francis miss  
 Walker Timothy  
 Welch Richd  
 Washburn Lewis H  
 Washburn Thos  
 Ward Josiah  
 Wallace Gorham  
 Watworth Jas  
 Ward Benj  
 Watson Leonard  
 Wakefield Jas  
 Wells Augustus L  
 Webster Matthew H  
 Weston Saml  
 Wheeler Susan F  
 Wetherell Ebenezer  
 Wendell A mr  
 Wheeler Julia M  
 Witherpoon R C  
 Wheeler Betsey  
 Webster Luther  
 Wheeler Michael  
 Weston L  
 Wentworth Ezekiel  
 Weeks Abner  
 Wheeler Joel  
 Wheelan John  
 Wheeden Benj  
 Webster Ann E  
 Wheeler Luther  
 Wheeler Daniel  
 Webster Jas B  
 Weymouth Benj  
 Weeks Benj C  
 Webster John W  
 Whittemore Joel  
 White Alfred  
 Wiley Sarah  
 Whitting Ruth  
 Wilds Esther  
 Wright Chas  
 Whittum Ebenezer  
 Winkley John H  
 Wright Chas  
 Wiswell Elbridge G  
 Wing David  
 Witherspoon Hannah  
 Wilem miss  
 White Lydia Ann  
 Wright Daniel T  
 Whitten Saml  
 Whisell & Stockwell  
 Wilson John capt  
 Wyth Jos  
 Wolcott John R  
 Wildermuth John  
 Wright Francis B  
 White James R  
 Wright Robt C  
 White John Alfred W  
 Wilson Alexander  
 Wright Artema  
 Williams Oliver  
 Wilder Philena miss  
 Winslow Gen H  
 Wilson Geo W Jr  
 Wright Aseneth  
 Willey Betsey  
 White Wm G  
 White Wm  
 Wiggins Hannah  
 Westwell Wm M  
 Winslow Peter G  
 Whittemore Nathl G  
 Withersell Jos F  
 Whitey Sini  
 Williams Wm  
 White Jas H  
 Wyman Eliza  
 Wilton Mary S  
 White Franklin  
 Wiswell Henry  
 Weight Martha B  
 White Christopher C  
 Whitman Seth Jr  
 Whitney Constance  
 Wilson Susan  
 Withington A M  
 Winn Wm col  
 Williams Eliza  
 Wyzeminski Stefan  
 Wilder Darin  
 Williams Reuel  
 Whittam Geo W G  
 Walle Wm A  
 Walcott Charlotte  
 Wood Cepha  
 Worthen Wm  
 Worthley James Jr  
 Woolton Lydia  
 Woods N C  
 Wood Geo E  
 Works Saml  
 Woodman Wm  
 Woodworth Benj  
 Wood Chs M  
 Woodstock Mary A  
 Wood Wm  
 Y  
 Young Jas F  
 Young Richd S  
 Yendall Chas  
 York Wm  
 NAVAL LETTER  
 Bigelow Abraham Lt  
 Gay Charles Lt  
 Cavington J R  
 Gray John  
 Creighton Com  
 Conway Edward  
 Geisenger David capt  
 Macomb John N Lt  
 Wielan Wm  
 Morris Charles  
 Noland Wm H Lt  
 Catton Walter rev


NATHANIEL GREENE, *Postmaster*

**OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.**  
 Dr R. T. PRESCOTT re-  
 fully informs his friends a  
 public generally, that he  
 pared to attend to all br  
 of DENTAL SURGERY, i  
 place, corner of Hanove  
 Portland streets, Boston  
 Carious Teeth cleaned,  
 and rendered equally us  
 before decayed.

INCORRUPIBLE or PORCELAIN TEETH, in ad-  
 to all other artificial teeth now in use, will be inserted  
 one to a full set, in the nearest manner and at the sh  
 notice.

Particular attention paid to the regulation of children's

**LATEST PARIS FASHIONS.**




H. BAILEY respectfully invites his friends and cu-  
 s- to call at his store, No 15 Court-st., and examin  
 LATEST PARIS FASHIONS of CAPS for gentlemen's  
 youth's wear. They are made of the same material of  
 proved Satin Beaver Hats, which will retain their shape  
 wear much longer than any other Caps ever before offer  
 sale.

ns—isa&ostf

**THE SUBSCRIBER** most respectfully inform  
 friends, and the public generally, that he has e  
 services of an experienced Cutter, for the purposes of ear  
 on the Tailoring business in all its branches.

Gentlemen patronizing his establishment, may depend  
 their garments being made in the best style, as he will gi  
 personal attention to the business. All favors will be pro  
 p- attended to and duly appreciated.

ALFRED A. LANE,  
 35 Merchants' Row, corner of Clinton



500 dozen Neck Stocks, Linen Bosoms and Collars—  
 New-England Stock Manufactory, sign of the Golden Ba  
 Merchants' Row, and at the Branch Stock Factory, 30 El  
 corner of Brattle square.

At Wholesale. eptf Feb 4, 18

**OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.—D. O. P.**  
 BARNES, *Surgeon Dentist*, has taken Rooms No  
 Washington street, where he will be happy at all times t  
 tend to any operations in Dental Surgery. He will devel  
 special attention to the insertion of mineral or incorrupt  
 teeth. His prices for setting mineral teeth are as follows  
 For setting on gold plate, \$5 per tooth.  
 For setting on the fang, \$3

**CLOTHING**

**AN ASSORTMENT OF THICK AND TH**  
 CLOTHING will be sold low for cash, at 35 Merch  
 Row, and at 30 Elm st, corner of Brattle square. if my

**SWELLED**  
**BEAM**

**ADAMS'S PATENT SWELLED BEAM**  
 STEAD FACTORY, 422 Washington street, Boston  
 few dozen south of Boylston Market, on the opposite side.  
 N. B.—The swelled beam effect does not prevent the sac  
 from sagging, and does not increase the expense.  
 Orders promptly attended to and carefully packed for ex  
 tation. tf—m

**NOTICE.**—Gentlemen in want of ready made Clo  
 will find it to their advantage to call at 10 to 12 Cong  
 street before purchasing, as every article manufactured for  
 establishment, is made in the most workmanlike manner, an  
 the particular inspection of the subscriber.  
 a27 N. P. SNELLING

**CODFISH AND SHOOLS.**—42 drums small La  
 four Codfish—204 boxes do do—60 small hhd Sho  
 for sale by LOMBARD & WHITMORE, No 31 Comm  
 wharf. 3ta2w—m

**CHAISES AND HARNESSES.**—JFM PHIPPS,  
 near Union Hotel, East Cambridge, keeps constantly  
 hand Chaises and Harnesses of prime quality, which he  
 warrant to those who wish to purchase. ep3m m

**BOARD.**—Pleasant rooms and board can be obtained  
 application at 21 Bedford st. m2

**PAPER STAINERS.**—Four Paper Stainers can h  
 immediate and constant employment, and good wages  
 application to L. JOSSELYN, No 8 Union street.  
 may 26 6t

**TIN PLATE WORKERS.**—A first rate  
 Plate Worker is wanted, to work in Taunton—to wh  
 good wages will be given. Address WM. H. STILLER, Tu  
 by, mail, stating terms &c. eptf m2

**WANTED.**—A man to drive a team. Also, a wait  
 public house.  
 Also, a man to work in a private family.  
 Also, a man to work in a boarding house.  
 Also, several boys to work in boarding houses.  
 Also, a boy to learn trades.  
 Also, a boy to learn trades.

[illegible]